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APPLICATION NO.	I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/020,577		12/18/2001	Naotaka Hanai	01227	01227 5700	
23338	7590	07/08/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
DENNISON, SCHULTZ, DOUGHERTY & MACDONALD 1727 KING STREET				A, PHI DIE	A, PHI DIEU TRAN	
SUITE 105	STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ALEXAND	RIA, VA	22314		3637	3637	
				DATE MAILED: 07/08/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
,	10/020,577	HANAI ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	1					
	Phi D A	3637	MW					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	<i>r.</i> mmunication.					
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Ap	<u>ril 2004</u> .							
	action is non-final.							
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>24-46</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>24-46</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ¡ a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori		d in this National S	Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	in the certified copies not receive	u.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Λ []	(DTO 440)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa		-152)					
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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/22/04 has been entered.

PRODUCT BY PROCESS CLAIM:

"The subject matter present in claims 24-27, 43 is regarded as a product by process claim in which a product is introduced by the method in which it is made. It is the general practice of this office to examine the final product described regardless of the method provided by the applicant."

The limitations "in situ", and "extruding a molten or substantially liquid molding material", "is formed by removing a flush along the outer peripheral edge" are Product By Process limitations, and thus treated accordingly to the above office policy.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 41, 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kunert (4571278).

Kunert shows a panel unit comprising glass or resin, the panel having at least an outer chamfered portion along its periphery, which portion having an outer peripheral edge that

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corresponds to an outer surface of the panel, a molding (10) formed along a periphery of the panel and having a molding body, the molding body having a side wall portion, which portion having a peripheral edge that substantially aligns with the outer peripheral edge, the side wall portion having an outer surface that is substantially flush with the pane outer surface (figure 1), the peripheral edge of the side wall portion being flush with the panel outer surface (figure 2).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 24, 26, 29, 31, 33, 35-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Adell (4817335).

Kunert (figure 1) shows a panel unit comprising a panel (1) comprising glass or resin, an in situ formed molding (10) formed along a peripheral edge of the panel having an extension that partially covers an outer surface of the panel and an end surface of the extension is inclined at an obtuse angle relative to the panel outer surface, the extension having an outer surface that is substantially flush with the panel outer surface (figure 1), the panel comprising a transparent glass pane, the periphery being circumferentially chamfered, the molding is formed along a peripheral edge of the glass pane, a peripheral edge of the molding substantially aligns with an outer peripheral edge of the outered chamfered portion, the molding body having an extension that partially covers an outer surface of the panel, the extension having a cutting surface formed

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thereon, a peripheral edge of an inner surface of the glass pane is coated with a substantially opaque frit layer (6), an inner wall portion of the molding body is bonded to the frit layer via an adhesive layer(4), the flush extending from the side wall portion toward the panel outer surface beyond the outer peripheral edge, the peripheral edge of the side wall portion is flush with the panel outer surface.

Kunert does not show a removable adhesive cover tape disposed between the extension of the molding and the panel surface.

Adell discloses a removable adhesive tape (28, figure 2) disposed between the extension of a molding and a panel surface (figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert to show a removable adhesive cover tape disposed between the extension of the molding and the panel surface because it would ensure the securing of the molding to a panel as taught by Adell.

3. Claims 25, 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Adell (4817335).

Kunert as modified by Adell shows all the claimed limitations except for the tape having a thickness of about 0.03 to 1.0 mm and comprising a first layer comprising a synthetic resin and a second layer comprising a removable self-adhesive material.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's modified structure to show the tape having a thickness of about 0.03 to 1.0 mm and comprising a first layer comprising a synthetic resin and a second layer comprising a removable self-adhesive material because having the tape made of a synthetic resin

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layer and a self-adhesive material layer would enable the easy attaching and removing of the tape from the surface of the panel, and having the thickness of the tape of about 0.03 to 1.0mm would ensure the tape is strong enough to secure the molding and the panel together while not too thick as to create a large separation between the molding and panel, also, the use of different dimensions of the tape appears to be an obvious matter of engineering design choice as a designer would certainly choose a thickness of the tape that matches his/her need.

4. Claims 28, 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Adell (4817335).

Kunert as modified shows all the claimed limitations except for the sealing lip being formed of a more elastic material than the molding body.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's modified structure to show the sealing lip being formed of a more elastic material than the molding body because having a more elastic sealing lip would enable the lip to easily flex and mate with panel wall to seal the panel, and it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice, In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

5. Claims 30, 32, 34, 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Adell (4817335) as applied to claim 26 above and further in view of Mozawa et al.

Kunert as modified shows all the claimed limitations except for the panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween.

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Mozawa et al shows a panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's modified structure to show the panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween because it is well known in the art to construct a panel of two laminated glass interleaved therebetween with a transparent resin sheet as it provides good insulation property for the glass panel.

6. Claims 42-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278).

Kunert shows a panel unit comprising glass or resin, the panel having at least an outer chamfered portion along its periphery (figure 4), which portion having an outer peripheral edge that corresponds to an outer surface of the panel, a molding (38) formed along a periphery of the panel and having a molding body, the molding body having a side wall portion, which portion having a peripheral edge that substantially aligns with the outer peripheral edge, the periphery of the panel being applied with an adhesive layer (4) which covers the outer chamfered portion and an end surface of the panel, the side wall portion being disposed such that the peripheral edge of the side wall portion substantially aligns with a periphery of the adhesive layer and is bonded to the panel end surface and the outer chamfered portion by the adhesive layer.

Kunert (figure 4) does not show the molding having side wall portion having an outer surface that is substantially flush with the panel outer surface.

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Kunert (figures 1-2) shows a molding having side wall portion having an outer surface that is substantially flush with the panel outer surface.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's structure to show the molding having side wall portion having an outer surface that is substantially flush with the panel outer surface because it would enable the molding to be flush with the outer glass panel surface to enhance the covering of the edge of the panel.

7. Claim 44 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Mozawa et al.

Kunert shows all the claimed limitations except for the panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween.

Mozawa et al shows a panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's structure to show the panel comprising a laminated glass pane that is constructed from two glass plates and a transparent resin sheet that is interleaved therebetween because it is well known in the art to construct a panel of two laminated glass interleaved therebetween with a transparent resin sheet as it provides good insulation property for the glass panel.

8. Claims 39-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunert (4571278) in view of Adell (4817335)

Kunert as modified shows all the claimed limitations except for the adhesive being hot melt adhesive.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kunert's modified structure to show the adhesive being hot melt adhesive because hot melt adhesive is a well known adhesive for adhering mating surfaces together and readily available.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 24-46 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The prior art shows different panel forming designs.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phi D A whose telephone number is 703-306-9136. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on 703-308-2486. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Phi Dieu Tran A

7/1/04